

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04228788

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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<b>Company registration number</b>	04228788
<b>The board of directors</b>	Mr T Nugent - Chairman Mr J L Featherstone Mr D Bourne
<b>Registered office</b>	C/O Ensors Accountants LLP Cardinal House 46 St Nicholas Street Ipswich Suffolk IP1 1TT
<b>Independent auditors</b>	Price Bailey LLP Price Bailey Chartered Accountants 6 High Street Ely Cambridgeshire CB7 4JU
<b>Bankers</b>	RBS Cambridge Branch 82-88 Hills Road Cambridge CB2 1LG
<b>Solicitors</b>	Birketts LLP Kingfisher House 1 Gilders Way Norwich Norfolk NR1 3UB

# **ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**

## **STRATEGIC REPORT**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

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#### **REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS – Chairman’s Statement**

The past twelve months have been a period in which the Company has witnessed continued positive momentum by reviewing potential transactions and working towards finding a suitable transaction. All Star was able to raise capital and extend existing Convertible Loan Notes during the period under review.

The board of All Star has continued to review options as to how best advance the Company.

During the period, the board held meetings with various organisations to see what opportunities may be available. Going forward, discussions will continue to be held and it is hoped that a suitable transaction will be identified in due course.

As a Company with a listing on the NEX Exchange Growth Market, our access to capital is predominantly through UK investors, whether that be private client brokers or sophisticated and high net worth individuals. This funding route has continued to be a very tough environment for raising capital during the past twelve months. In spite of this, All Star successfully raised money during the period under review, which enabled the Company to strengthen its balance sheet and pay creditors.

The Company’s principal asset since relinquishing and selling its Australian assets is its shareholding in investee company, NQ Minerals Plc (“NQ”). Throughout 2017, All Star continued holding 5,519,545 shares in NQ, which equated to 3.29% ownership as at the start of 2017.

The shareholding was valued at £441,564 at 31 December 2017. However, given the newsflow and updates provided by NQ including the intention to move onto the London Stock Exchange’s AIM Market instead of the proposed Standard List, the board of All Star looks forward to the performance of its investment over the course of 2018. NQ’s shares are currently trading at 13.5 pence/share valuing the Company’s investment at £758,937.

#### **CORPORATE**

On a further positive note during the period, All Star extended the maturity of Convertible Loan Notes in issue and raised £124,500 through the issue of new ordinary shares. As covered in detail above, the equity story continued to be developed in our investee company, NQ Minerals Plc.

This has continued to be worthy of the patience and loyalty shown by All Star as a significant shareholder owning more than 3% of the Company. The future of NQ continues to look attractive with the board of All Star remaining highly encouraged about the outlook over the next six to twelve months.

#### **FINANCIALS**

The financial results for the 12 month period to 31 December 2017 shows a loss after taxation of £175,026 (2016: loss of £186,933). The decrease in value of NQ Minerals’ shares and general corporate overheads meant that the Company recorded a loss for the period.

The basic loss per share from continuing operations was 0.02p (2016: loss per share of 0.02p).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
STRATEGIC REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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**PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE COMPANY**

The principal risks faced by the Company are as follows:


- The ability to raise sufficient funds to continue to execute the Company's strategy; and
- The performance of the investment in NQ Minerals plc which is an overseas mining and exploration company.

**OUTLOOK**

I believe that All Star could be enhanced through a number of different means. The part or complete disposal of the NQ shareholding may mean a balance sheet transformation. If that was to occur, then potentially there would be a significant amount of cash that would be utilised towards a single or multiple transactions. This would completely change the current corporate structure of the Company and benefit shareholders.

However, in the interim the Company's working capital position still requires careful management.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank my fellow board members, shareholders and our advisers for their continued support and patience over the past twelve months. In what overall has been another pleasing period, the Company has continued with its transition and is shaping for the future.



Tomas Nugent

Executive Chairman

22 May 2018

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
DIRECTORS' REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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The Directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

**RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The Company's loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £175,026 (2016: loss of £186,933). The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend.

**PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS**

The principal activity of the Company is to pursue an investment strategy which includes financial services, engineering and support services, renewable energy, construction and technology as well as exploration for minerals and investment in exploration companies.

**CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY AND PRACTICE**

It is the Company's policy that payments to suppliers are made in accordance with those terms and conditions agreed between the Company and its suppliers, provided that all trading terms and conditions have been complied with.

At 31 December 2017, the Company had an average of 126 days purchases outstanding in trade creditors (2016: 64 days).

**DIRECTORS**

The Directors set out below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2017 to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated.

Mr J L Featherstone  
Mr T Nugent  
Mr D Bourne

**FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Details of the Company's financial risk management objectives and policies, including the use of financial instruments, are included in note 2 to the financial statements.

**PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

We, the Directors of the Company who held office at the date of approval of these financial statements as set out above each confirm, so far as we are aware, that:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- we have taken all the steps that we ought to have taken as Directors in order to make ourselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

Price Bailey LLP have signified their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them as auditor will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the board on  
and signed on its behalf by



Tomas Nugent  
Chairman

22 May 2018

## **ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**

### **STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

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The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and applicable law. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that financial statements present fairly for each financial period the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires faithful representation of the effect of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out on the International Accounting Standards Board's 'Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements'. In virtually all situations, a fair presentation will be achieved by complying with all applicable IFRSs. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are also required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Company's financial position and financial performance;
- state that the Company has complied with IFRSs, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



# **ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ALL STAR MINERALS PLC PLC FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

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### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of All Star Minerals plc (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Income Statement, Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, as applied to SME listed entities or as applied to listed entities and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant addressed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) we identified, including those which had the greatest effect on: overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit; the directing of efforts of the engagement team. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## **ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ALL STAR MINERALS PLC  
PLC (continued)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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### *Valuation of investments*

A significant value of the Company is derived through the listed investments. The key risks are considered to be that the value of the investments are not reflective of the open market price and that the quantity of listed shares held has been misstated.

We focused on investment valuation, existence and recognition in accordance with stated accounting policies.

Our procedures included agreeing the listed share price value recognised in the financial statements to a third party value. We agreed the holding as recognised in the financial statements to the share certificates. We considered movement in the share value post year end.

Our work did not identify any items that could not be substantiated.

### **Our application of materiality**

We consider materiality to be the magnitude by which misstatements, including omissions, could influence the economic decisions of reasonably knowledgeable users that are taken on the basis of Financial Statements. Materiality provides a basis for determining the nature and extent of our audit procedures.

We based materiality on gross assets of the Company and concluded materiality to be £10,000. We consider that gross assets provides us with the most relevant performance measure to stakeholders of the entity given the stage of the Company's activity and growth.

We apply the concept of materiality both in the planning and performance of the audit, and in evaluating the effects of misstatements.

During the course of the audit we reassessed materiality from planning to reflect the final reported performance of the Company. There was no change made to our planning materiality.

### **An overview of the scope of our audit**

Our audit was scoped by obtaining an understanding of the Company and its environment. We determined materiality and assessed the risk of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular we looked at where the directors had made subjective judgements within accounting estimates. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

### **Other information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and Director's Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## **ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ALL STAR MINERALS PLC  
PLC (continued)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# **ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ALL STAR MINERALS PLC  
PLC (continued)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: [https://www.frc.org.uk /Auditors-responsibilities](https://www.frc.org.uk/Auditors-responsibilities) This description forms part of our auditor's report.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Cullen FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Price Bailey LLP  
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Tennyson House  
Cambridge Business Park  
Cambridge  
CB4 0WZ

Date: 23 May 2018

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
**INCOME STATEMENT**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Administrative expenses		(149,026)	(133,335)
Fair value movement: available for sale investments	7	-	(27,598)
Finance costs	6	(26,000)	(26,000)
<b>LOSS BEFORE TAX</b>		<b>(175,026)</b>	<b>(186,933)</b>
Income tax expense	8	-	-
<b>LOSS FOR THE YEAR</b>		<b>(175,026)</b>	<b>(186,933)</b>
		2017 £	2016 £
<b>LOSS PER SHARE expressed in pence per share</b>	9		
Basic		(0.02)	(0.02)
Diluted		(0.02)	(0.02)

The notes on pages 16 to 31 form part of these financial statements

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
**STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
LOSS FOR THE YEAR		(175,026)	(186,933)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:	7		
Fair value movement: available for sale investments		27,598	(289,961)
Less: impairment loss included in profit or loss		-	27,598
		<u>27,598</u>	<u>(262,363)</u>
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR</b>		<u><b>(147,428)</b></u>	<u><b>(449,296)</b></u>

The notes on pages 16 to 31 form part of these financial statements

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	Issued capital £	Share premium £	Other reserves £	Accumulated losses £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2017	410,369	1,646,674	720,452	(2,717,968)	59,527
<b>Comprehensive income for the year</b>					
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(175,026)	(175,026)
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:					
Fair value movement: available for sale investments	-	-	27,598	-	27,598
	-	-	27,598	-	27,598
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	27,598	(175,026)	(147,428)
<b>Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity</b>					
Issue of shares	18,064	126,936	-	-	145,000
Balance at 31 December 2017	<u>428,433</u>	<u>1,773,610</u>	<u>748,050</u>	<u>(2,892,994)</u>	<u>57,099</u>
	Issued capital £	Share premium £	Other reserves £	Accumulated losses £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2016	394,240	1,539,402	982,815	(2,531,035)	385,422
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>					
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(186,933)	(186,933)
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:					
Fair value movements on available for sale investments	-	-	(289,961)	-	(289,961)
Less: impairment loss Included in profit or loss	-	-	27,598	-	27,598
	-	-	(262,363)	-	(262,363)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	(262,363)	(186,933)	(449,296)
<b>Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity</b>					
Issue of shares	16,129	107,272	-	-	123,401
Balance at 31 December 2016	<u>410,369</u>	<u>1,646,674</u>	<u>720,452</u>	<u>(2,717,968)</u>	<u>59,527</u>

The notes on pages 16 to 31 form part of these financial statements

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>NON CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	10	-	-
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Trade and other receivables	13	-	2,811
Cash and cash equivalents	16	39,086	20,785
Available for sale financial assets	7	441,564	413,966
		<u>480,650</u>	<u>437,562</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>480,650</u>	<u>437,562</u>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
<b>ISSUED CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>			
Issued share capital	17	428,433	410,369
Share premium		1,773,610	1,646,674
Other Reserves (per SOCIE)	18	748,050	720,452
Accumulated losses		(2,892,994)	(2,717,968)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<u>57,099</u>	<u>59,527</u>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Borrowings	20	153,210	147,710
Trade and other payables	19	270,341	230,325
		<u>423,551</u>	<u>378,035</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<u>480,650</u>	<u>437,562</u>

Approved by the Board on 22 May 2018  
And signed on its behalf by



Tomas Nugent  
Chairman

Company registration number: 04228788

The notes on pages 16 to 31 form part of these financial statements



**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	2017 £	2016 £
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Total loss	(175,026)	(186,933)
<b>ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>		
Interest expense	26,000	26,000
Fair value movement on listed investments	-	27,598
<b>ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<u>26,000</u>	<u>53,598</u>
<b>LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<u>(149,026)</u>	<u>(133,335)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS BEFORE CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL</b>	<u>(149,026)</u>	<u>(133,335)</u>
<b>INCREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL</b>		
Decrease in trade and other receivables	2,811	7,830
Increase in trade and other payables	40,016	31,506
<b>INCREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL</b>	<u>42,827</u>	<u>39,336</u>
<b>CASH FLOW USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<u>(106,199)</u>	<u>(93,999)</u>
<b>NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Gross proceeds from issue of equity share capital	124,500	110,400
<b>NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<u>124,500</u>	<u>110,400</u>
	<u>18,301</u>	<u>16,401</u>
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward	<u>20,785</u>	<u>4,384</u>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER</b>	<u><u>39,086</u></u>	<u><u>20,785</u></u>

The notes on pages 16 to 31 form part of these financial statements

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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**1. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH IFRS**

The Company's financial statements for the year were authorised for issue and the statement of financial position signed on the board's behalf by Mr T Nugent. All Star Minerals Plc is a public company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in England & Wales, part of the United Kingdom. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The Company's registered office is disclosed on page 1.

The principal activity of the Company is to pursue an investment strategy which includes financial services, engineering and support services, renewable energy, construction and technology as well as exploration for minerals and investment in exploration companies.

These financial statements are presented in UK Sterling which is the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Foreign currencies are accounted for in accordance with the policies set out in note 2. Monetary amounts presented in the financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006. The principal accounting policies adopted by the Company are set out in note 2.

**New Standards and Interpretations adopted with no effect on the financial statements**

The following new and revised standards and interpretations have been adopted in these financial statements. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements:

***Amendments to IAS 7 Cash Flow Statements***

The amendments require entities to provide disclosures that enable investors to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. Movements in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities derive solely from cash flow movements. Accordingly, the amendments have no impact on the Company.

***Amendment to IAS 12: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses***

The amendment focuses on the recognition of deferred tax assets in respect of unrealised losses on debt instruments. The Group does not have any such unrealised losses and, accordingly, the amendment has no impact on the Company.

***Amendment to IFRS 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities***

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle clarified that the disclosures required in IFRS 12 also apply to interests held for sale and discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5. This has no impact on the Company.

**Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been adopted early by the Company**

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, certain new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published by the IASB but are not yet effective, and have not been adopted early by the Company.

**ALL STAR MINERALS PLC**  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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**1. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH IFRS (continued)**

The Directors anticipate that all of the pronouncements will be adopted in the Company's accounting policies for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncement. Certain standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements include:

- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle – Amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 (effective from 1 January 2018)
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (effective from 1 January 2021)
- IFRS 16 Leases (effective from 1 January 2019)
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective from 1 January 2018)
- IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration (effective from 1 January 2018)
- IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments (effective from 1 January 2019 – yet to be endorsed by the EU)
- Amendments to IFRS 4: Applying IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' with IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts' (effective as per IFRS 9)
- Clarifications to IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' (effective as per IFRS 15)
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle – Amendments to IFRS 3, IFRS 11, IAS 12 and IAS 23 (effective from 1 January 2019 – yet to be endorsed by the EU)
- Amendments to IAS 40: Transfers of Investment Property (effective from 1 January 2018)
- Amendments to IAS 28: Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective from 1 January 2019)
- Amendments to IFRS 9: Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (effective retrospectively from 1 January 2019)

Information on new standards, amendments and interpretations that are expected to be relevant to the Company's financial statements is provided below.

***IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective from 1 January 2018)***

The IASB have completed its project to replace IAS 39 with IFRS 9 which includes requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, impairment methodology and general hedge accounting. The Group's main area of focus in assessing the impact of IFRS 9 will be the classification of the Group's financial assets and the implementation of the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment losses in respect of the Group's financial assets such as trade receivables. Given the Company's limited activities the Board do not consider that IFRS 9 will have a significant impact.

***Amendments to IFRS 2 Share Based Payment (effective from 1 January 2018)***

The amendments address the following areas: the effect of vesting conditions on the measurement of both cash and share based payments; the classification of a share-based payment transactions with net settlement features for withholding tax obligations; and the accounting where a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment transaction changes its classification from cash-settled to equity settled. The Board do not expect these amendments to have any impact on the Company.

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**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Going concern**

The Company incurred a loss in the year of £175,026 (2016: Loss of £186,933). To continue to fund its operations the Company raised £124,500 through equity share issues. The Company continues to hold its investment in NQ Minerals plc which gives the Company access to a source of liquid funds as required. In the absence of further issues of equity the Company would need to sell part of its investment in NQ Minerals plc in order to meet its obligations as they fall due.

The Directors have considered the cash flow requirements of the Company for a period in excess of 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. Based on the resources now available to the Company and anticipated expenditure over the next 12 months the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

**Foreign currency exchange**

The principal place of business of the Company is the United Kingdom with sterling being the functional currency.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each statement of financial position date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the statement of financial position date.

Gains and losses arising on retranslation are included in net profit or loss for the period, except for exchange differences arising on non-monetary assets and liabilities where the changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity.

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**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the period and the amounts reported for assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. However, the nature of estimation means that the actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

The Company has significantly streamlined its activities removing many areas of estimation uncertainty. Within the next financial year Management consider that there are no sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

**Income tax**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred income tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Income Statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

**Property, plant and equipment**

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or production cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets over their estimated useful lives, using the straightline method, on the following bases:

Plant and equipment	- 20%
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**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the statement of financial position liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and the carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than as a business combination) or other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, and interest in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the Income Statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

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**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**Deferred tax (continued)**

Deferred tax is determined using the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Statement of Financial Position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxed levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

**Compound financial instruments**

Compound financial instruments issued by the Company comprise the convertible loan notes which can be converted at the expiry of the notes' term at the option of the holder into a fixed number of ordinary shares.

The liability component of a compound financial instrument is recognised initially at fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The equity component is recognised initially as the difference between the fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component. Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component is not subsequently re-measured.

**Financial risk management objectives and policies**

The objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains strong credit ratings and capital ratios. This will ensure that the business is correctly supported and shareholder value is maximised.

The Company manages its capital structure through adjustments that are dependent on economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may choose to change or amend dividend payments to shareholders or issue new share capital to shareholders. There were no changes to the objectives, policies or processes during either the year ended 31 December 2017 or the year ended 31 December 2016.

**Financial assets**

All investments are initially recorded at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and including acquisition charges associated with the investment.

After initial recognition, investments are classified as either at fair value through profit or loss or available-for-sale. Gains and losses on financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Income Statement until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed of. Gains or losses on available-for-sale investments are recognised as a separate component of equity until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed of, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in income.

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**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**Financial assets (continued)**

For investments that are actively traded in organised financial markets, fair value is determined by reference to Stock Exchange quoted market mid prices at the close of business on the Statement of Financial Position date. For investments where there is no quoted market price, fair value is determined by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the investment.

All regular way purchases of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase the asset. All regular way sales of financial assets are recognised on the settlement date i.e. the date the asset is delivered to the counter party. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

**Trade and other receivables**

Trade and other receivables are recognised by the Company and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible or impaired amounts.

An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when they are identified as being bad.

Other receivables are recognised at fair value.

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits. Short term deposits are defined as deposits with an initial maturity of three months or less.

Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

**Trade and other payables**

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

**Share based payments**

The Company issues equity-settled share based payments to certain employees including Directors.

Equity-settled Share based payments are measured at fair value at the date of grant.

Fair value is measured using an appropriate options pricing model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled Share based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, together with a corresponding increase in equity, based upon the Company's estimate of the shares that will eventually vest.

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**Share based payments (continued)**

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of the modification.

Where an equity-settled transaction is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the transaction is recognised immediately. However, if a new transaction is substituted for the cancelled transaction, and designated as a replacement transaction on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new transactions are treated as if they were a modification of the original transaction, as described in the previous paragraph.



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**3. LOSS**

Loss is stated after charging the following:

	2017 £	2016 £
Auditor's remuneration – audit of financial statements	<u>8,400</u>	<u>7,000</u>
<b>Included in administrative expenses:</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Loss on foreign exchange movements	<u>-</u>	<u>2,989</u>

**4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS**

The average monthly number of employees during the year was made up as follows:

	2017 Number	2016 Number
Directors	1	1
Non-executive directors	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>

**5. KEY MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION (COMPENSATION) AND EMPLOYEE EXPENSES**

	2017 £	2016 £
Consultancy fees	<u>108,400</u>	<u>100,000</u>

	2017 Number	2016 Number
During the year the following number of directors exercised Share options	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Key management only comprises statutory directors which includes all the directors.

**6. FINANCE COSTS**

	2017 £	2016 £
Interest expense: Debentures and other secured borrowings	<u>26,000</u>	<u>26,000</u>

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**7. AVAILABLE FOR SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS**

	2017	2016
	£	£
At 1 January	413,966	703,927
Impairment loss recognised in income statement	-	(27,598)
Fair value movement recognised in OCI	27,598	(262,363)
At 31 December	<u>441,564</u>	<u>413,966</u>

The Company holds a 2% interest in the shares of NQ Minerals plc and designated its interest as an available for sale financial asset upon acquisition. NQ Minerals plc is listed on NEX Exchange and its value determined by the market price (Level 1 input). If the market price of the shares in NQ Minerals plc had been 10% lower at 31 December 2017, both profit before tax and equity would have been £4,000 lower.

**8. INCOME TAX**

**Components of income tax expense**

	2017	2016
	£	£
<b>Current income tax expense</b>		
Current income tax charge	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

No liability to UK corporation tax arises on the ordinary activities for the year ended 31 December 2017, nor for the year ended 31 December 2016.

**Reconciliation of income tax charge to accounting (loss)/profit**

	2017	2016
	£	£
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 19.25% (2016: 20%)	<b>(33,693)</b>	(37,387)
Loss not subject to tax	-	5,520
Expenses not allowed	-	1,366
Unrecognised tax losses	<u>33,693</u>	<u>30,501</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**Factors which may affect future tax charge**

The Company has estimated UK tax losses of £2,296,167 (2016: £2,174,739) to carry forward against future trading profits. A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of these losses due to uncertainty over the timing of when these assets will be utilised.

The main rate of UK corporation tax is 19%. By 2020 it is proposed that the rate will fall to 17%. However, there is no effect on deferred tax as the Company has not recognised any deferred tax asset or liability.

**9. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net result for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. No adjustments were made to the net result for the year when calculating basic earnings per share in either year. The weighted average number of shares outstanding for 2017 was 1,061,759,149 (2016: 896,366,134).

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**9. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)**

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net result attributable to ordinary equity holders after adjustments for instruments that dilute basic earnings per share by the weighted average of ordinary shares outstanding during the period (adjusted for the effects of dilutive instruments). For both the years ended 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016, as the Company was loss making the effect of any share options is anti-dilutive such that the diluted EPS figure is equivalent to the basic EPS figure.

For the year ended 31 December 2017 there were 26,020,942 (2016: 23,719,008) dilutive potential ordinary shares. As these were considered to be anti-dilutive they have not been included in the EPS calculations.

**10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

	Plant and equipment £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 January 2016	2,527
Disposal	(2,527)
At 31 December 2016	<u>-</u>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>	
At 1 January 2016	(2,527)
Disposal	2,527
At 31 December 2016	<u>-</u>
Net book value at 1 January 2017	<u>-</u>
Net book value at 31 December 2017	<u>-</u>

There has been no movements in property plant and equipment during the year.

**11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are summarised in note 12. The main types of risk are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes. The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed are described below.

**Interest rate risk**

The Company's borrowings have fixed interest rates limiting the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's exposure to fair value interest rate risk is similarly limited as a result of the short duration of borrowings.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Company. Following the re-structuring of the Company's activities, its exposure to credit risk is minimal. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets at the reporting date (note 12).

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

The Company does not have any receivables at 31 December 2017.

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is that the Company might be unable to meet its obligations.

The Company has given responsibility of liquidity risk management to the board who have formulated liquidity management tools to service this requirement.

Management of liquidity risk is achieved by monitoring budgets and forecasts and actual cash flows.

The Company's main non-derivative financial liability is in respect of convertible loan notes shown in note 19. Trade payables are all due within 6 months.

As disclosed in the accounting policies (note 2) management expect to meet funding requirements through the raising of additional funds.

**11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

**Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as commodity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding in financial instruments. Following the restructuring of the Company's activities, the Company now owns a 2% interest in NQ Minerals plc which is listed on NEX. The investment is being accounted for as an available for sale investment such that changes in the market value of the shares will directly impact upon the Company's net assets. During the year, the market value of the investment in NQ Minerals plc's shares increased resulting in an gain of £27,598 being recognised in equity.

**Commodity price risk**

Following the restructuring of the Company's operations, there is minimal exposure to commodity price risk other than through its investment in NQ Minerals plc which is a mining and exploration business.

**Foreign currency risk**

The principal foreign currency risk arises from the investment in NQ Minerals plc whose activities are conducted in Australia. This represents an indirect foreign currency risk. However, the Company's investment in NQ Minerals plc is denominated in GBP and, as such, there is no direct foreign currency risk.

The Company does not enter into forward exchange contracts to mitigate the exposure to foreign currency risk.

**Capital management**

The Company's capital consists wholly of ordinary shares. The Board's policy is to preserve a strong capital base in order to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to safeguard the future development of the business, whilst balancing these objectives with the efficient use of capital.

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**12. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

A description of each category of financial assets and financial liabilities and the related accounting policies are disclosed in note 2. The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities are as follows:

	Loans and receivables at amortised cost		Available for sale financial assets at market value	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	£	£	£	£
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	39,086	20,785	-	-
Trade and other receivables	-	2,811	-	-
Available for sale financial assets	-	-	441,564	413,966
	Other financial liabilities at amortised cost			
	2017	2016		
	£	£		
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Trade and other payables	(274,341)	(230,325)		
Convertible loan notes	(153,210)	(147,710)		

**13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

	2017	2016
	£	£
<b>Current</b>		
Other receivables	-	2,811
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,811</u>

The carrying value of the Company's short-term receivables approximates to their fair values.

**14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

**Trading activities**

**Purchases and services provided**

	2017	2016
	£	£
Compredi & Co Limited	108,400	104,000
	<u>100,000</u>	<u>104,000</u>

Compredi & Co Limited is a company under the control of Mr T Nugent.

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**14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)**

**Payable to related parties**

	2017 £	2016 £
Unpaid directors' fees	<u>217,504</u>	<u>176,005</u>
	<u>217,504</u>	<u>176,005</u>

**RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

**Key management compensation**

	2017 £	2016 £
Consultancy fees	<u>108,400</u>	<u>100,000</u>
	<u>108,400</u>	<u>100,000</u>

**15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

	2017 £	2016 £
Cash at bank	<u>39,086</u>	<u>20,785</u>
	<u>39,086</u>	<u>20,785</u>

**16. SHARE CAPITAL**

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares at 1 January	949,831,888	94,984	788,546,173	78,855
New shares issues	<u>180,642,855</u>	<u>18,064</u>	<u>161,285,715</u>	<u>16,129</u>
Ordinary shares carried forward	1,130,474,743	113,048	949,831,888	94,984
Deferred shares	<u>350,428,320</u>	<u>315,385</u>	<u>350,428,320</u>	<u>315,385</u>
	<u>1,480,903,063</u>	<u>428,433</u>	<u>1,300,260,208</u>	<u>410,369</u>

The Company is authorised to issue a further 400,000,000 0.01 pence ordinary shares.

The issued ordinary shares are fully paid.

The deferred shares do not have any rights to income or voting rights and are entitled to receive their nominal value back on a winding up only after the ordinary shareholders have received £100,000 per share. There is no authorisation in place to issue further deferred shares. The deferred shares are fully paid.

All issued share capital is classified as equity.

During the year 166,000,000 ordinary shares were issued at 0.075 pence per share raising £124,500 in cash. A further 14,642,855 ordinary shares were issued at a price of 0.14 pence per share in respect of £20,500 of accrued convertible loan note interest.

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**17. RESERVES**

	Other reserve	Capital redemption reserve £	Share scheme reserve £	Total £
At 1 January 2016	262,363	572,786	147,666	982,815
Revaluation of available for sale financial asset	(262,363)	-	-	(262,363)
At 31 December 2016	-	572,786	147,666	720,452
Fair value movement: available for sale financial asset	27,598	-	-	27,598
At 31 December 2017	<u>27,598</u>	<u>572,786</u>	<u>147,666</u>	<u>748,050</u>

The share scheme reserve includes the increase in equity resulting from accounting for the expense of issuing share options. The capital redemption reserves exists to maintain the Company's capital when shares are cancelled or repurchased. The other reserve includes the fair value movement on available for sale investments.

**18. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade and other payables	44,437	34,692
Accruals	8,400	7,000
Payable to related parties	217,504	188,633
	<u>270,341</u>	<u>230,325</u>

The carrying value of the Company's short-term payables approximates to their fair values.

**19. BORROWINGS**

	2017 £	2016 £
Convertible loan notes	<u>153,210</u>	<u>147,710</u>

During the year interest of £26,000 (2016: £26,000) accrued on the convertible loan notes. Also during the year, £20,500 of accrued interest was converted in ordinary shares as disclosed in note 17. The convertible loans noted mature in both January and May 2018 and carry a coupon of 20% p.a. The convertible loans are convertible into 130,000,000 0.01 pence ordinary shares in the Company.

The value of the liability component and the equity conversion component were determined on the issuance of the notes. The fair value of the liability component was determined using the market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond.

The carrying amount of the Company's short-term borrowings approximates to their fair values.



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**20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS**

**Equity settled**

The Company has a share option programme that entitles the holders to purchase shares in the Company with the options exercisable at the price determined at the date of granting the option.

The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows; there are no vesting conditions to be met and all options are to be settled by the issue of shares.

Details of the number of share options and the weighted average exercise price (WAEP) outstanding during the period are as follows:

	2017		2016	
	WAEP	No.	WAEP	No.
Opening balance	0.10p	70,000,000	0.126p	85,000,000
Lapsed	-	-	(0.25)p	(15,000,000)
Closing balance	<u>0.10p</u>	<u>70,000,000</u>	<u>0.10p</u>	<u>70,000,000</u>

No options were exercised in either period.

The share options outstanding at the end of the period have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6 years (2016 – 7years) and have the following exercise prices (EP) that expire on the following dates:

	2017		2016	
	EP	No.	EP	No.
31 December 2023	<u>0.10p</u>	<u>70,000,000</u>	<u>0.10p</u>	<u>70,000,000</u>

**21. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

There have been no post balance sheet events.